## WORLD RANKING SYSTEM

## 1. Categories in Singles and Doubles

> OPEN/MEN
> WOMEN
> JUNIOR - under 18 years old on the $1^{\text {st }}$ of January in the year the Tour ends
$>$ SENIOR - over 50 years old on the $1^{\text {st }}$ of January in the year the Tour ends
2. Points are allocated as follows

Double Elimination

| Place | World Ch. Series | International | Master Series | Pro <br> Tour |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 150** | 100* | 70 | 35 |
| 2 | 130* | 90 | 60 | 30 |
| 3 | 110* | 80 | 50 | 25 |
| 4 | 90 | 70 | 40 | 20 |
| 5 | 75 | 60 | 35 | 18 |
| 7 | 60 | 50 | 30 | 15 |
| 9 | 50 | 40 | 25 | 13 |
| 13 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| 17 | 30 | 20 | 15 | 8 |
| 25 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 5 |
| 33 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 3 |
| 49 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 65 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 97 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 129 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 193 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 257 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

## Single Elimination

| Place | World <br> Ch. Series | International | Master <br> Series | Pro <br> Tour |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $150^{* *}$ | $100^{*}$ |  |  |
| 2 | $130^{*}$ | 85 | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | 35 |
| 3 | $110^{*}$ | 70 | 60 | 30 |
| 4 | 90 | 60 | 50 | 25 |
| 5 | 70 | 50 | 40 | 20 |
| 9 | 50 | 30 | 35 | 18 |
| 17 | 30 | 20 | 25 | 13 |
| 33 | 15 | 10 | 15 | 8 |
| 65 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| 129 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 257 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 |

[^0]3. Assigning ranks to players with the same number of points
> In case 2 players or more have the same number of points, a different rank will be assigned to them, by calculating the average of points earned by competition.

For example let's say 2 players A and B both have 150 points each.
If player A earned them in 10 different events, his point average per competition is 15. If player B earned them in 5 different events, his point average per competition is 30. In that case both players are listed in the Rankings with the same number of points (150) but $B$ is ahead of $A$.
> If $\mathbf{2}$ or more players are still tied after this, then the player who has earned the most points in one single competition will be ranked higher.

For example, if A earned 150 points in 2 events (let's say he came 2nd in an International event (90 points) and 2nd in a Master Series event (60 points); and if B earned 150 points in 2 events (let's say he came 3rd in an International event (80 points) and 1st in a Master Series event (70 events); then A is ranked above B because he earned the most points in one single competition (90 points in the International event).
4. For a competition's results to be valid there needs to be a minimum number of registered players/teams in that competition

## Competition Category

> OPEN SINGLES ..... 16
> OPEN DOUBLES ..... 16
> WOMEN'S SINGLES ..... 6
> SENIOR SINGLES ..... 6
> JUNIOR SINGLES ..... 4
> WOMEN'S DOUBLES ..... 3
> SENIOR DOUBLES ..... 3
> JUNIOR DOUBLES ..... 3

In some cases, if a tournament category doesn't have the minimum number of registered players/teams, validation of the results may be granted by a vote of the Executive Committee, due to exceptional circumstances, such as players travelling overseas to attend an event.

## 5. World Rankings of Nations

Points are awarded to ITSF member federations by adding the following:
> Points earned by the $\mathbf{6}$ best male players of each nation, in the ITSF Rankings - points added from the Singles and Doubles competitions -
> Points earned by the $\mathbf{2}$ best female players of each nation, in the ITSF Rankings - points added from the Singles and Doubles competitions -
> Points earned by national teams at the World Cup - see chart below
> Points earned by national teams in the World Championship Series events which feature a National Teams’ Competition - see chart below

Place
1
1
2
2
3
3
4
5-8
9-16
17-32

## World Cup

3000
2600
2200
1800
1400
1000
600

World Ch. Series
1500 1300 1100 900 700
500
300

## 6. Rules for World Rankings Update

> Rankings will be updated after each tournament of the Tour

- The World Rankings of Nations will be updated, taking into account the updated points of individual players in the World Rankings.
> They work over a 12 month period
- For the World Rankings of Nations, the points earned at the World Cup are valid for 4 years, until the next World Cup takes place.
> The results of one WORLD ITSF TOUR tournament replace the results of that same tournament from the year before (the tournament venue might change but it must be played on the same table)
- Note that the old results are still valid until the new tournament is over, then the new results come into effect and replace the old ones
- If it is a first-time tournament, the results are integrated into the Rankings
- The results of a tournament that is not organized the year after cease to be valid the day after it should have taken place


## You can view the WORLD RANKINGS on the ITSF website www.table-soccer.org/rankings/


[^0]:    * Denotes players automatically qualifying for the World Championships
    ** Women and Junior players automatically qualifying for the World Championships

